Periodic Table:

Periodic Law: When elements are arranged in order of increasing atomic mass, certain properties recur periodically.

1	IA 1 H	ПА]	Pe	r	io	di	ic	T	al	ble	e	III A	IVA	VA	МΑ	MIA	0 Z He
2	э Ц	4 Be		0	ft	he	E	le	m	en	ts		5 B	ес	7 N	°	9 F	¹⁰ Ne
8	11 Na	12 Mg	ШB	IVB	٧B	ИВ	МІВ		- MII -		• IB	IIВ	13 Al	14 Si	15 P	16 S	17 CI	18 Ar
4	19 K	20 Ca	21 Sc	²² Ti	23 V	Z4 Cr	zs Mn	^{z6} Fe	27 Co	z8 Ni	²⁹ Си	зо Zn	∋ı Ga	³² Ge	33 As	^{∋4} Se	∋s Br	≫ Kr
5	37 Rb	38 \$г	39 Y	₄⊐ Zr	41 ND	42 Mo	43 Tc	44 Ru	₄s Rh	₄∈ Pd	47 Ag	^{4≋} Cd	49 In	डा Sn	sı Sb	52 Te	ຄ I	s4 Xe
6	ss Cs	se Ba	57 ∙La	72 Hf	^{7Э} Та	74 W	75 Re	76 0 5	77 Ir	78 Pt	79 Au	®⊐ Hg	81 TI	82 Pb	83 Bi	84 Po	≋s At	≋ Rn
7	87 Fr	≈ Ra	89 + Ac	104 Rf	105 Ha	106 106	107 107	108 108	109 109	110 110								
											•							
•	Lantha Seri	anide es	58 Ce	59 Pr	ब्य Nd	61 Pm	ब्ट Sm	හ Eu	⁶⁴ Gd	ee Tb	e∈ Dy	हर Ho	68 Er	69 Tm	70 Yb	71 Lu		
+ Actinide Series			90 Th	91 Pa	92 U	зэ N р	94 Рц	ss Am	≫ Cm	97 Bk	⁹⁸ Cf	99 Es	100 Fm	101 Md	102 No	100 Lr		

Periodic Table and Electron Configuration:

Group 8A	He	1s²	Period 1
_	Ne	$[He]2s^22p^6$	Period 2
	Ar	[Ne]3s ² 3p ⁶	Period 3
Group 1A	Η	1s ¹	Period 1
	Li	[He]2s ¹	Period 2
	Na	[Ne]3s ¹	Period 3
Group 7A	\mathbf{F}	[He]2s ² 2p ⁵	Period 2
-	Cl	[Ne]3s ² 3p ⁵	Period 3

Cations and Anions:

The noble gases(Group 8) have the total number of valence electrons and are very stable. They have an octet(2 valence electrons for He and 8 valence electrons for the others).

 Na
 [Ne]3s¹
 Na⁺
 [Ne]3s⁰ or [Ne]

 Mg
 [Ne]3s²
 Mg²⁺
 [Ne]3s⁰ or [Ne]

 Cl
 [Ne]3s²3p⁵
 Cl⁻
 [Ne]3s²3p⁶ or [Ar]

Elements in Group 1 tend to lose one electron spontaneously and elements in Group 7 gain one electron spontaneously.

Relative Size of the Atoms:



Atomic Radius: Half the distance between two identical nuclei in a diatomic molecule.

Ionic Radius: Radius of a cation or anion.

Species	Covalent/Ionic Radius
Na	186 pm
Na ⁺	95 pm
Cl	99 pm
Cl-	181 pm
Mg	160 pm
Mg^{2+}	65 pm

Ionization Energy:

The amount of energy required to remove an electron from an isolated atom or ion.

 $A(g) \rightarrow A^+(g) + 1e$ 1st Ionization Energy(IE1) $A^+(g) \rightarrow A^{2+}(g) + 1e^-$ 2nd Ionization Energy(IE2)

IE expressed in kJ/mole

IE₁<**IE**₂<**IE**₃

Periodic Trends:

Atomic size decreases across a period from left to right and increases down a group.

IE increases across a period from left to right and decreases down a group.

Electron Affinities:

The energy change associated with the addition of an electron to a gaseous atom or ion.

- $A(g) + 1e \rightarrow A(g) \qquad Electron Affinity(EA)$
- EA expressed in kJ/mole and usually negative. -EA: energy given off. +EA: energy required.
 - O(g)+ $1e^- \rightarrow O^-(g)$ EA = -142 kJ/mole $O^-(g)$ + $1e^- \rightarrow O^{2-}(g)$ EA = +780 kJ/mole